SNOW-17 Model

.1 Description of Algorithm

 $\underline{https://vlab.ncep.noaa.gov/documents/207461/1893022/22snow17.pdf}$

.2 Model Parameters

SNOW-17 uses an xml representation of model parameters where each parameter is captured within a separate xml tag. The tags are closely related to the NWSRFS definition of SNOW-17 defined at:

https://vlab.ncep.noaa.gov/documents/207461/1893022/533snow17.pdf

The table below shows the available parameter tags. For the parameters with type of string, the values are case-insensitive. For example, "YES" and "Yes" are treated by the program as the same value, but "Y" will be treated as error. The sequence of parameters in the table below or in the xml file has no any significance.

Name	Type	Required [Yes/No]	Comment				
PERCENT_ SNOWFALL_ INPUT_OPTION	String	No	 Only two possibilities: "Yes" or "No". Default value is "No"; If set to "Yes", use the input percent-snow-fall time series, required to be present; If absent or set to "No", don't use the input percent-snow-fall time series, regardless if the time series is present or not Needs to be refactored to use boolean value 				
RAIN_SNOW_ELEV_ INPUT_OPTION	string	No	 Only two possibilities: "Yes" or "No". Default value is "No"; If set to "Yes", use the input rainsnow-elevation time series (RSEL), which is required to be present. The parameter AREA_ELEV_CURVE is required to be present too. If absent or set to "No", don't use the input rain-snow-elevation time series, regardless the time series is present or not. Needs to be refactored to use Boolean value 				

Name	Type	Required [Yes/No]	Comment					
ALAT	double	Yes	 Latitude of the area; If ≥ 54.0, use Alaskan seasonal melt-factor variation 					
PXADJ	double	Yes	Must be between 0.0 and 1.0;Unitless					
ELEV	double	Yes	o Elevation of the area(Units of M)					
TAELEV	double	No	o Elevation associated with the air					
			 temperature time series(M); Default value is same as ELEV When TAELEV ≠ ELEV, air temperature will be adjusted by using lapse rate, which is related to the local time zone. 					
TALMAX or	double	No						
TALMAX of TALMIN	double	No; Required when TAELEV ≠ ELEV	 Lapse rate at time of maximum/minimum temperature; Units of DEGC/100M 					
AREA_ELEV_CURVE (METR) Or AREA_ELEV_CURVE (ENGL)	table	No; Required when RAIN_ SNOW_ ELEV_ INPUT_ OPTION is "Yes"	 A series pairs of numbers(double values); 1st number in the pair is elevation of the area(units of M or FT, corresponding to METR or ENGL); 2nd number of a pair is the decimal fraction of area below the elevation; 1st number of 1st pair is minimum elevation, the decimal fraction is fixed to be 0.0; 1st number of last pair is maximum elevation, the decimal fraction is fixed to be 1.0 					
AREA_DEPLETION_ CURVE	table	Yes	 Areal snow cover at WE/Ai ratios of 0.0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9 and 1.0; Total 11 numbers. Decimal fraction. 					

Name	Type	Required	Comment					
CWE OUTDUT TO		[Yes/No]	 The output time series interval. 					
SWE_OUTPUT_TS_	integer	No	•					
INTERVAL			Default value is input air					
Or			temperature time series interval;					
SASC_OUTPUT_TS_			o If present, must be an even					
INTERVAL			multiple of air temperature time series interval					
Or			series interval					
SNSG_OUTPUT_TS_								
INTERVAL	double	Vac	- Charafall compation footon					
SCF	double	Yes	Snowfall correction factor					
MFMAX	double	Yes	Maximum/minimum non-rain					
Or			melt factor;					
MFMIN	1 11	37	O Units of MM/DEGC/6HR					
UADJ	double	Yes	Average value of the wind					
			function during rain-on-snow					
			events					
CI	1 11	37	O Units of MM/MB					
SI	double	Yes	o Areal water-equivalent above					
			which there is always 100%					
MV	integer	Yes	o Flag to indicate seasonal melt-					
			factor variation. Only 2 choices: 0					
			or 1.					
			o 0: use normal SMFV, based on					
			latitude					
			o 1: use specified SMFV					
			 Needs to be refactored to use 					
			string value: "normal" or					
			"specified"					
SMFV	table	No;	 User specified seasonal melt- 					
		Required	factor variation;					
		when MV	o 12 values: the decimal fraction of					
		is 1	where the melt-factor is between					
			MFMIN and MFMAX on the 16 th					
			of each month					
NMF	double	Yes	o Maximum negative melt factor;					
			o Units of MM/DEGC/6HR					
TIPM	double	Yes	Antecedent snow temperature					
			index parameter;					
			o Range is 0.1 to 1.0					
MBASE	double	Yes	o Base temperature for non-rain					
			melt factor;					
			o Units of DEGC					

Name	Type	Required		Comment		
		[Yes/No]				
PXTEMP	double	Yes	o Temperature that separates rain			
				from snow;		
			0	Units of DEGC		
PLWHC	double	Yes	0	Maximum amount of liquid water		
				held against gravity drainage-		
				decimal fraction		
DAYGM	double	Yes	0	Daily melt at the snow-soil		
				interface		
			0	Units of MM		
WETOL[0., 1.0]	double	Yes	0	Tolerance used when updating		
Or				water-equivalent or areal extent		
SCTOL[0., 1.0]				of snow cover with observed		
				data;		
			0	Range is 0.0 to 1.0;		
			0	Updates when Simulated-		
				Observed > tolerance * Observed		

.3 Model States

Like all the other models, SNOW-17 model states are also defined in a property file format. An example is shown below. The sequence of property names in the state file or in the table below has no any significance. The model state property names are:

Property Name	Description
ACCMAX	Maximum water-equivalent that has occurred since snow began
	to accumulate (units of MM)
AEADJ	Areal extent of snow cover adjustment; units of MM
EXLAG_ARRAY	Lagged excess water (units of MM); number of values is
	5/timeint +2 where timeint is the precipitation time series
	interval (MAP_INTERVAL)
LIQW	Initial amount of liquid-water held against gravity drainage
	(units of MM)
NEGHS	Initial heat deficit (units of MM)
SB	Areal water equivalent just prior to the new snowfall(units of
	MM)
SBAESC	Areal extent of snow cover just prior to the new
	Snowfall (units of PCT)
SBWS	Water equivalent above which 100 percent areal snow cover
	temporarily exists (units of MM)
SNDPT	Snow depth; units of CM, however, the snow depth output time
	series is in unit of MM, because FEWS expects it in MM.
SNTMP	Average snow cover temperature (units of DEGC)
STORGE	Excess liquid water in storage (units of MM)
TAPREV	Previous air temperature (units of DEGC)
TINDEX	Initial antecedent snow temperature index (units of DEGC)

Property Name	Description						
WE	Initial water equivalent of solid (ice) portion of the snow cover						
	(units of MM)						
UNIT	This entry is optional. The presence of "UNIT=METRIC" in						
	state file is only for visual information, because the state is						
	always in METRIC units, never in ENGLISH units; an						
	exception will be thrown if "UNIT=ENGLISH" is present in the						
	state file.						
MAP_INTERVAL	This entry is optional and for carryover transfer. It is the						
	precipitation time series interval when this state was calculated,						
	units of HR. It is used to compare with the current precipitation						
	time series interval. If different, the carryover transfer is						
	invoked. The default value is 6.						

A sample state file:

ACCMAX=180.0

AEADJ=0.0

EXLAG_ARRAY=0.0 0.0

LIQW=7.0

NEGHS=0.6

SB=181.0

SBAESC=1.0

SBWS=180.0

SNDPT=78.0

SNTMP=-2.8

STORGE=0.0

TAPREV=-99.0

TINDEX=-3.0

WE=173.0

UNIT=METRIC

MAP_INTERVAL=6

.4 Model Time Series

SNOW-17 has 2 required input time series and 5 optional input time series. The units of the input time series are very flexible. If it is length unit, like MAP time series, it can be any length unit (CM, M etc). If it is temperature unit, like MAT time series, it can be DEGC or DEGF. The program will internally convert the input time series to expected units. The "Units" column in the table below, for the input time series, indicates the internal Model Units; for the output time series, indicates the output time series units.

INPUT TIME SERIES:

Time Series Type	Units	Time Series	Missing	Required [Yes or		
		Interval(HR)	Values	No]		
			Allowed			
MAP	MM	Any	No	Yes		
MAT	DEGC	Any <u>1/</u>	No	Yes		
PTPS	PCTD	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	No		
RSEL	M	Any <u>3/</u>	No	No		
SNWE	MM	Any <u>4/</u>	Yes	No		
AESC	PCTD	Any <u>4/</u>	Yes	No		
SNOG	CM	Any <u>4/</u>	No	No		

OUTPUT TIME SERIES:

Time Series	Units	Time Series	Missing	Description						
Type		Interval (HR)	Values Allowed							
			ime Series 5	<u> </u> 5/•						
RAIM	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	No	rain plus melt						
SASC	PCTD	Any <u>4/</u>	No	snow covered area						
57150	TCID	/ III	110	percentage						
Secondary Time Series 5/:										
SWE	MM	Any <u>4/</u>	No	Snow water equivalent						
SNSG	MM	Any <u>4/</u>	No	Snow depth						
PRAIN	MM	Any <u>3/</u>	No	Precip as rain						
PSFALL	MM	Any <u>3/</u>	No	Precip as snow fall						
PROBG	MM	Any <u>3/</u>	No	Rain on bare ground within						
		7 —		MAT interval						
PSNWRO	MM	Any <u>3/</u>	No	Snow pack outflow within						
		, <u> </u>		MAT interval (note: the sum						
				of PROBG and PSNWRO						
				equals to RAIM)						
ACCMAX	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Maximum water-equivalent						
				that has occurred since snow						
				began to accumulate (units of						
				MM)						
AEADJ	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Areal extent of snow cover						
				adjustment; units of MM						
LIQW	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Initial amount of liquid-water						
				held against gravity drainage						
				(units of MM)						
NEGHS	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Initial heat deficit (units of						
DOMEST	201			MM)						
PQNET	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	state						
SB	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Areal water equivalent just						
				prior to the new snowfall						
CD A ECC	DOWD	A 2/	***	(units of MM)						
SBAESC	PCTD	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Areal extent of snow cover						
				just prior to the new						
CDWC	1/1/4	A 2 /	Vas	Snowfall (units of PCT)						
SBWS	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Water equivalent above						
				which 100 percent areal snow cover temporarily						
				exists (units of MM)						
SNDPT	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	No	Snow depth; in unit of MM						
SNTMP	DEGC	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Average snow cover						
DIATIVII	DLUC	1 111 <u>2/</u>	103	temperature (units of DEGC)						
STORGE	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Excess liquid water in						
~ 1 01101	******			storage (units of MM)						

TAPREV	DEGC	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Previous air temperature (units of DEGC)			
TINDEX	DEGC	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Initial antecedent snow temperature index (units of DEGC)			
WE	MM	Any <u>2/</u>	Yes	Initial water equivalent of solid (ice) portion of the snow cover (units of MM)			

Notes:

- 1/: Must be even multiple of the MAP interval;
- 2/: Must be the same as the MAP interval;
- <u>3/</u>: Must be the same as the MAT interval;
- <u>4/</u>: Must be even multiple of the MAT interval. For the output time series, if its interval not specified in the parameter xml file, the default value is the MAT interval.
- <u>5/</u>: There are two versions for the model to run, a "slim version" and a "full version". The version is determined by the technique "SACSNOW" (default value is false). When SACSNOW is true, the model runs the "full version" and when it is absent or false, the "slim version" is executed. This technique is used by both SNOW-17 and the SAC-SMA model. The slim version is much faster than the full version, because it only produces the three primary output time series (RAIM, SASC and SWE). The rest of the time series are the secondary output and are only generated when running in "full version".

.5 Modifications (Mods)

The SNOW-17 model has six mods it accounts for. The units are for the internal model units.

Parameter Id	Units	Time Step	Description
AESCCHNG 4/	PCTD	Any <u>1/</u>	Sets the value of the areal extent of
			snow cover for the date specified.
			The technique UPSC can turn it
			off.
MFC <u>3/</u>	REAL	Any <u>2/</u>	Sets the melt correction factor for
			the date specified.
RAINSNOW <u>3/</u>	INT	Any <u>2/</u>	Sets the precipitation at this time
			step as rain or snow, so it is not
			determined by the temperature
			index. The value of "1.0" set the
			precipitation at this time step as
			rain, "2.0" as snow, anything else
			(including "0.0", "-999.0") is no
			RAINSNOW MOD.
UADJ <u>3/</u>	REAL	Any <u>2/</u>	Multiplies the average wind
			function adjustment (UADJ)
			parameter.
WEADD <u>4/</u>	MM	Any <u>1/</u>	Sets the value to add to the snow

			water equivalent for the date specified.
WECHNG 4/	MM	Any <u>1/</u>	Sets the value for the snow water equivalent for the date specified. The technique UPWE can turn it off.

Notes:

- $\underline{1/}$: a non-equidistant time series: There is no time step interval. The time step events do not need to be continuously present from the start date to the end date. Its xml file header contains the following: <timeStep unit="nonequidistant"/>
- $\underline{2}$ /: an equidistant time series: the time step interval is fixed and all the time steps must be present from the start date to the end date. Its xml file header contains the following (e.g. 6 hour time interval): <timeStep unit="hour" multiplier="6"/>
- <u>3/</u>: the mods are independent on the last observation date (the time to switch from the observed time to the forecast time).
- 4/: the mods that are after the last observation time are ignored. Only the mods before or equal to the last observation time are used.

.6 Notes about configuring Model in FEWS workflow

Time Zone

The time zone information specified in run_info.xml is critical to the model in some circumstances. When TAELEV \neq ELEV, the input air temperature will be adjusted by using the lapse rate, which depends on the local time zone. Therefore, we recommend always specifying the local time zone in run_info.xml, and not using the GMT time zone. The output time series always uses the same time zone as run_info.xml.

Run Time Options (known as TECHNIQUES in NWSRFS).

SNOW-17 allows six run-time options. When specified they should appear in the run_info.xml file.

```
<int key="printDebugInfo" value="0"/>
  <string key="rootDir" value="Modules/sacsma/amen8/"/>
  <string key="model" value="ohd.hseb.ohdmodels.sacsma.Snow17ModellDriver"/>
  <string key="PRINTSNW" value="TRUE"/>
  <string key="SACSNOW" value="TRUE"/>
  <string key="SNOW" value="TRUE"/>
  <string key="UPSC" value="FALSE"/>
  <string key="UPSNW" value="FALSE"/>
  <string key="UPSNW" value="FALSE"/>
  <string key="PRECIP_IS_ALL_RAIN" value="TRUE"/>
```

1. PRINTSNW – produces detailed daily information in the form of a text based table. One example is shown below. The default value is "FALSE". The similar technique used in SAC-SMA model is "PRINTSMA".

	SNUN-17 COMPLETION CESTINGBBSIN: TOTECASE VELOSU WITLOSXUI DAILY OUTPUT IS FOR HOUR 12 TIME ZONE-Z												
DAY	SNOWFALL[MM]	RAIN ON SNOW[MM]	ENERGY EXCHANGE[MM]	SIM. COVER	PCT.LIQ.WATER HEA	DEFICIT[MM]	SNOW TEMP. [C]	SIM. DEPTH[CM]	OBS. DEPTH[OM]	SIM.WE[MM]	OBS.WE[MM]	OBS. COVER RA	AIN-SNOW-ELEVATION[M]
14	3.1	0.0	-0.1	1.0	0.0	0.9	-4.3	20.4	-999, 0	26.0	-999.0	-999.0	196.0
15	1.1	0.0	-0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	-6.8	19.5	-999.0	27.0	-999.0	-999.0	-60.0
16	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.99	0.0	2.0	-7.3	17.8	-999, 0	27.0	-999.0	-999.0	
17	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.98	0.0	2.0	-6.2	16.4	-999, 0	27.0	-999.0	-999.0	
18	8.2	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.0	1.6	-3.5	22.1	-999.0	35.0	-999.0	-999.0	146.0
19	24.5	0.0	-0.8	1.0	0.0	2.5	-4.2	39.8	-999, 0	59.0	-999.0	-999.0	53.0
20	13.7	0.0	-0.6	1.0	0.0	3.1	-4.6	47.9	-999, 0	73.0	-999.0	-999.0	-86.0
21	25.2	0.0	-0.5	1.0	0.0	3.6	-4.2	63.2	-999.0	98.0	-999.0	-999.0	294. 0
22	19.2	0.0	-0.3	1.0	0.0	3.8	-3.8	68.8	-999, 0	117.0	-999.0	-999.0	511.0

- 2. SACSNOW This technique is used by both SNOW-17 and SAC-SMA model. It determines running the model in "slim version" or "full version". See the notes about the output time series above. The default value is "FALSE" (slim version).
- 3. SNOW controls whether the snowmelt algorithm should be used. Note: when setting to "FALSE", the model computation is skipped. There are only primary output time series generated. The output time series, RAIM, has the same value as the input MAP time series. The other output time series, SASC, and all output states, have the value of "0.0". The default value is "TRUE" (doing the model computation).
- 4. UPSC and UPWE controls whether AESCCHNG and WECHNG mods are allowed to be used. The default value is "TRUE".
- 5. PRECIP_IS_ALL_RAIN default value is "FALSE". When the value is "TRUE", the precipitation is forced to be as 100% rain, regardless of the air temperature. When the property is absent or "FALSE", no such forcing will be enforced. (Note: this feature is similar to RAINSNOW MOD to some extent. However, RAINSNOW MOD is an input time series which dictates the precipitation being rain or snow at each time step. This property, if present and with value of "TRUE", forces the precipitation to be rain at all the time steps.)

Examples:

Module Configuration File

ModuleConfigFiles\SNOW17_HCRK1_HCRK1_Forecast.xml

Module Parameter File

ModuleParFiles\SNOW17_HCRK1_HCRK1_UpdateStates.xml

.7 FEWS Adapter Used

The SNOW-17 model uses the OHDFewsadapter to communicate. Information about this adapter can be found at OHDFewsadapter.